

(2) A mixture of two or more master lots or parts thereof; except that such term means a portion of such quantity when certification of such portion is requested.

(q) The term *master lot mark* means an identifying mark or other identifying device assigned to a master lot by the manufacturer thereof.

(r) The term *batch mark* means an identifying mark or other identifying device assigned to a batch by the manufacturer thereof.

[39 FR 11750, Mar. 29, 1974, as amended at 39 FR 40285, Nov. 15, 1974]

Subpart B—Packaging and Labeling

§ 429.10 Packaging.

Each batch shall be packaged in immediate containers of colorless transparent glass. Such containers shall be closed with a substance through which successive doses may be withdrawn by hypodermic needle without removing the closure or destroying its effectiveness. The containers and closures shall be sterile at the time the containers are filled and closed. The composition of the containers and closures shall be such as will not cause any change in the strength, quality, or purity of the contents beyond any limit therefor prescribed in applicable standards of strength, quality, and purity. The shape of the containers shall be cylindrical, except that the cross-section of the containers for isophane insulin suspension containing less than 100 U.S.P. Units of insulin per milliliter shall be a rounded square, and the shoulder of the containers for insulin zinc suspension, prompt insulin zinc suspension, or extended insulin zinc suspension containing less than 100 U.S.P. Units of insulin per milliliter shall be hexagonal.

[39 FR 11750, Mar. 29, 1974, as amended at 39 FR 40285, Nov. 15, 1974]

§ 429.11 Labeling.

Each package from a batch that has been certified in accordance with the regulations in this part shall bear, on its label or labeling as hereinafter indicated, the following:

(a) On the outside wrapper or container and the immediate container of the retail package:

(1) The batch mark of such batch;

(2) The potency of the drug in terms of the U.S.P. Units of insulin per milliliter; and

(3) The statement “Expiration date _____,” the blank being filled in with the date on which the certificate applicable to such batch expires with respect to such package, as provided in § 429.45(b)(1).

(b) On the outside container or wrapper of the retail package, the statement “Keep in a cold place, avoid freezing.”

(c) If the batch contains 40 or 100 U.S.P. Units of insulin per milliliter, on the circular or other labeling of the retail package:

(1) A statement that the treatment of diabetes mellitus is an individual problem and that the use of the drug, the time of its administration, and the number of daily doses and the quantity of each, as well as diet and exercise, are problems which require direct and continuous medical supervision;

(2) A statement explaining that the volume of the dose depends on the number of units of insulin per milliliter stated on the label, and that the patient should understand the meaning of the volume markings on the syringe;

(3) A description of a practicable method for sterilizing the needle and syringe before use;

(4) A description of the technique of withdrawal from the vial and the use of an antiseptic on the stopper, and a caution against the removal of the stopper;

(5) A description of the technique for cleansing, and the use of an antiseptic on the site of injection;

(6) A statement that failure to comply with the techniques described in paragraphs (c) (3), (4), and (5) of this section may lead to infection of the patient;

(7) A statement that injection should be subcutaneous, at a different site from that of the preceding injection, and a caution against intravenous or intramuscular use;

(8) An explanation of hypoglycemia and its relation to overdosage, omission of meals, illness, and infection;

(9) A statement of the significance of sugar in the urine and of the necessity of tests therefor; and

(10) A caution against use after the expiration date shown on the outside wrapper or container.

(d) On the circular or other labeling of the retail package, if the batch is insulin injection (in addition to the information required by paragraphs (a), (b), and (c) or (i) of this section), a caution against use if the drug has become viscous or if its color has become other than water clear.

(e) On the outside wrapper or container and immediate container of the retail package, if the batch is protamine zinc insulin suspension, isophane insulin suspension, insulin zinc suspension, prompt insulin zinc suspension, or extended insulin zinc suspension (in addition to the information required by paragraphs (a), (b), and (c) of this section), the statement "Shake carefully," or "Shake well before using," or "Shake well," or "Shake carefully to suspend all particles."

(f) On the circular or other labeling of the retail package, if the batch is protamine zinc insulin suspension, isophane insulin suspension, insulin zinc suspension, prompt insulin zinc suspension, or extended insulin zinc suspension (in addition to the information required by paragraphs (a), (b), (c), and (e) of this section):

(1) An explanation of the difference, as compared with other insulin-containing drugs, in onset of action, duration, and the time and frequency of administration;

(2) A caution that it is not to be substituted for any other insulin-containing drug except on the advice and direction of a physician;

(3) A statement that a uniform suspension of the preparation is necessary and is brought about by careful shaking before use; and

(4) A caution against use when the precipitate has become lumped or granular in appearance or has formed a deposit of solid particles on the wall of the container.

(g) On the circular or other labeling of the retail package, if the batch is globin zinc insulin injection (in addition to the information required by

paragraphs (a), (b), and (c) of this section):

(1) An explanation of the difference, as compared with other insulin-containing drugs, in onset of action, duration, and the time and frequency of administration;

(2) A caution that it is not to be substituted for any other insulin-containing drug, except on the advice and direction of a physician; and

(3) A caution against use if any turbidity or precipitate has developed in the solution.

(h) If the batch contains 500 U.S.P. Units of insulin per milliliter, on the outside container or wrapper and the immediate container of the retail package:

(1) The statement "Caution: Federal law prohibits dispensing without prescription";² and

(2) The statement "Warning—High potency—Not for ordinary use".

(i) If the batch contains 500 U.S.P. Units of insulin per milliliter, on the circular or other labeling of the retail package:

(1) Information adequate for the safe and effective use of the drug, by practitioners licensed by law to administer it, in insulin shock therapy and for the treatment of diabetic patients with high insulin resistance (daily requirement more than 200 units);

(2) A prominently placed and conspicuous statement: "Warning—This insulin preparation contains 500 units of insulin in each milliliter. Extreme caution must be observed in measurement of dosage because inadvertent overdose may result in irreversible insulin shock. Serious consequences may result if it is used other than under constant medical supervision";

(3) A caution against intravenous use; and

(4) A caution against use after the expiration date shown on the outside wrapper or container.

[39 FR 11750, Mar. 29, 1974, as amended at 40 FR 13497, Mar. 27, 1975; 41 FR 6912, Feb. 13, 1976; 44 FR 55170, Sept. 25, 1979]

²For the Spanish-language version of the required labeling statement, see § 201.16(a), § 801.16 and § 290.6 of this chapter.